## **EDITORIAL:** Navigating the evolving landscape of corporate governance: New insights and research directions

## Dear readers!

As businesses and institutions navigate increasingly complex environments, corporate governance remains one of the most dynamic and critical fields of study. With the evolution of governance structures to meet new demands, scholars must tackle pressing issues that not only address traditional concerns but also reflect contemporary global business practices. This issue of *Corporate Board: Role, Duties and Composition* offers new insights on several important themes.

One of the most prominent trends is the growing emphasis on board effectiveness and accountability, which involves exploring issues of board diversity, board oversight, risk management and board performance self-assessment. Diverse boards are seen as more effective in managing risk and driving innovation. However, much remains to be understood about the mechanisms through which diversity influences corporate performance, creating a need for deeper, more nuanced investigations into the dynamics of board diversity, exploring how it intersects with other factors like board independence, decision-making styles, and the integration of stakeholder expectations, particularly in different cultural and regional contexts.

Alongside diversity, board oversight and risk management are central concerns in today's corporate governance landscape. The financial crises of the past decade and high-profile corporate failures have underscored the critical role of boards in monitoring financial health and designing internal controls. Research continues to explore how boards can better anticipate and mitigate risks, particularly in environments marked by uncertainty or external shocks. Therefore, scholars must address the evolving responsibilities of boards in overseeing new types of risks, such as those linked to cybersecurity, climate change, and regulatory compliance. As businesses face an increasingly volatile and interconnected world, research in risk management will remain essential. Moreover, the role of board performance evaluations is increasing in relevance, responding to the need for effective self-assessments and ongoing performance reviews.

Parallel to board effectiveness and accountability, how to integrate ethics, sustainability, and technology in corporate governance is gaining traction. Particularly, the rising public demand for corporate accountability, transparency, and social responsibility has put ethical conduct at the forefront of boardroom priorities. Research is therefore exploring how boards can integrate ethical frameworks into decision-making processes and how these practices impact long-term performance.

Connected to this, the increasing focus on environmental, social, and governance (ESG) factors is reshaping corporate governance as well, as boards are expected to ensure financial performance while incorporating ESG principles into corporate strategy. Therefore, how governance structures can facilitate the achievement of both financial and non-financial objectives continues to represent a key line of inquiry.

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Finally, the ongoing digital transformation is influencing corporate governance in profound ways and demands that governance frameworks evolve in tandem to ensure that companies remain resilient and adaptable in the face of technological disruptions. Research in this area will need to explore how boards can stay ahead of technological trends and integrate new technologies responsibly while managing the potential connected risks effectively.

In addition to these evolving trends, there is a growing recognition of the importance of contextual factors. While traditional models of corporate governance were often built on large, developed-market firms, scholars are now expanding their focus to include emerging economies, non-profit organizations, and a wider array of industries. These diverse settings present unique challenges and opportunities for governance research, especially in areas such as ownership structure, management control, and institutional frameworks. Therefore, understanding how governance practices vary across different contexts will be critical in developing more comprehensive models that account for both universal principles and local nuances simultaneously.

In conclusion, the future of corporate governance research lies in addressing the multifaceted challenges that boards face in an increasingly complex and interconnected world. As the role of the board continues to evolve, scholars will need to explore new models, frameworks, and tools to help boards navigate these challenges, ensuring that governance practices remain effective and aligned with the broader goals of society.

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